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Improving the Education System of Future Defenders of the Homeland

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Abstract: *This article includes measures on improving the system of upbringing the young generation in the spirit of military patriotism, which outlines the concepts of patriotism, military patriotism, and how to build and develop a sense of military patriotism among young people, recommendations and suggestions for improving the system of education in the spirit of military patriotism.*

Keywords: patriotism, military patriotism, education, concept, defense, armed forces, history, cultural heritage.

Introduction

The development of every state, every nation is determined by its military might. For the development of the country, all its citizens must have a sense of self-sacrifice and patriotism. The concept of "patriotism" is defined in the sources as "moral and political principle, social feeling", which means love for the motherland, devotion to it, pride in the past and present, the motherland. The desire to protect their interests is the most important value inherent in all spheres of society and state life.

The Main Part

According to Bondarenko and VV Kolpachev, the feeling of patriotism is associated with the following factors:

Natural factors. Originally, patriotism was primarily characteristic of nomadic peoples, and family members maintained kinship between tribes.

Spiritual and moral factors. Patriotism unites people with spiritual ties and spiritual duties.

Political factors. Politically, patriotism means the acceptance by people of the existing power, the form of government, the political structure of the state, its development prospects and goals.

Military patriotism is a social, spiritual and moral quality that encourages devotion to the Motherland, service to it, preservation of peace in the country, and active participation in the development of the Motherland. Its moral essence is to love and be loyal to the Motherland, to be proud of the country's past and present, to strive to protect the interests of the country. It is also a quality inherited from our ancestors to love the rest of the land, to preserve and develop the traditions and values of the people, to protect one's homeland from enemies, alien and alien ideas, and to sacrifice one's life for its freedom and independence. Military patriotic education is for the citizens of the Republic of Uzbekistan the ability and readiness to bravely defend our independent country is a spiritual and moral system of educating soldiers in the spirit of patriotism. Military patriotic education differs from patriotism in the general sense in a number of respects. According to researcher G. Ergasheva:

- First, military patriotic education aims to prepare the citizens of Uzbekistan to defend the Motherland with weapons;
- Secondly, the basis of military patriotism is the traditions of the Armed Forces of Uzbekistan, and the basis of patriotic education is the traditions of labor, along with military traditions;
- Thirdly, military patriotic education inspires respect and pride in the Armed Forces of the Republic of Uzbekistan, the desire and aspiration to serve in the military and the defense of the independent homeland with weapons. Patriotic upbringing develops loyalty to the Motherland, strengthening the greatness and strength of the state of Uzbekistan, protection of its independence.

It is known that the younger generation will play the role of the builder of the future great state. The main indicator of a country's defense in the world is the formation of a generation with a highly developed sense of patriotism, selflessness, dedication, knowledge and experience. In this context, in the current of complex globalization, information and communication technologies are gaining momentum.

Educating young people in the spirit of military patriotism is relevant in the context of the developing world. The purpose of educating young people in the spirit of military patriotism is to encourage young people to be active in various sectors of society, especially in the civil service related to the military, peace and to be faithful to the Constitution and military duty in a military situation, to inculcate in them such important qualities as high responsibility and accountability for the destiny of their country and people. In this process, the interaction of governmental and non-governmental non-profit organizations, families, communities, educational institutions is important. It should be noted that the system of educating young people in the spirit of military patriotism is a continuous process, consisting of a set of interrelated political, legal, socio-economic, ideological, cultural and educational activities.

A number of efforts are being made in this direction in our country. In particular, in providing our Armed Forces with potential soldiers and officers, educating our youth in the spirit of respect for our military-patriotic and spiritual-moral values, involving them in the process of reforms in our country, realizing their intellectual and creative potential. This is evidenced by the establishment of military academic lyceums "School of Temurbeks" on the initiative of the Supreme Commander-in-Chief of the Armed Forces of the Republic of Uzbekistan and primary organizations of the Youth Union of Uzbekistan in the Armed Forces. Strengthening the country's defense capabilities has also been identified as one of the priorities of the Action Strategy for the Development of Uzbekistan. According to this Strategy, in 2017, among other areas, large-scale changes took place in the military sphere. In the short term, the first concrete results have been achieved and a strategic approach to the renewed Armed Forces system has been developed. This is "in the formation of a strong position in life and a high sense of responsibility for the fate of our country in our young generation."

With this in mind, our country is creating a unique and integrated system of continuous military education and patriotic education, which covers everything from high school to university".

Improving the education of young people in the spirit of military patriotism basic principles: - scientific; historicity; accuracy and speed; regularity; activity; coordination of education and upbringing; consistency of the educational process; based on the positive results and achievements in military-patriotic education.

It is desirable to educate young people in the spirit of military patriotism in the following four stages:

- a) The first stage (3-7 years old) is the stage when the first ideas about the world around the Motherland are formed, in which children write poems and songs praising the feelings of love, affection and devotion to the motherland in the family environment or in

preschool institutions. Teaching songs, showing cartoons and various games, representing the world through pictures, with state symbols (flag, coat of arms, anthem) the issue of presentation will be on the agenda;

b) in the second stage (7-16 years old) patriotic feelings in students aspire to heroism, the desire to show courage, to have a place in the team of peers, to gain their respect, high self-esteem and demanding develops as new emotions are formed, such as greater social activism. It is at this age that schoolchildren, in particular, value courage, strength, will, courage, loyalty to friendship and peers. This will enable them to deeply understand that the defense of the Homeland is a sacred duty.

c) The third stage (16-18 years old) is aimed at providing young people with mental and physical readiness to serve the Motherland and its defense. Students at this age develop thinking skills, deep generalizations, discipline, and ability. They are the defenders of the Motherland will have a complete picture of During this period, not only the hero or veteran of World War II, but also the best qualities of the defender of independent Uzbekistan, the courage of our contemporaries, their high achievements and reliable protection of the labor of our people. The information leaves a deep impression on the minds of young people. However, it should be borne in mind that these high standards are noteworthy only if they are reflected in the work and actions of students. Therefore, the events of the war that took place in the educational process, the mass of the people at the front and behind the front in addition to imparting knowledge about their courage, they should also form social attitudes in order to prepare them for the defense of the Motherland.

g) The fourth stage (18-30 years) involves the development of young people to be physically fit and spiritually mature, to develop their entrepreneurial skills, intellectual potential, skills, to encourage and achieve a healthy lifestyle. Every nation cares about its history, and it draws strength from the legacy of

history to move forward into the future. The courage of the national heroes who sacrificed their lives for the freedom of the people, and the work of scientists who have worked hard for the development of the nation will serve as a guiding star for each generation. For a nation that is ignorant of its history is an oppressed people, a nation whose history is written in falsehood is a doomed nation, a nation that preserves and knows its history is an equal nation. The cultural heritage of the past and national spiritual values play an important role in the spiritual development of our people. Accordingly, the level and scale of development of the patriotic spirit depends on the extent to which our people study and assimilate our rich historical heritage. The role of cultural heritage in the development of patriotism in modern conditions determined by the following factors:

- Deep understanding of the true history, rich cultural heritage and national spiritual values of our people, as well as the content and significance of the work done to restore and develop them during the years of independence;
- Creation and effective use of modern methods and tools of teaching aspects of the national idea that are inextricably linked with the historical heritage, based on the vast opportunities created in the education system of the republic and the requirements of modern times;
- Expanding the use of cultural heritage in ideological education and continuous development of work in the interests of national development. In this regard, we consider it expedient to do the following to break the spirit of military patriotism in our youth, to strengthen their love and respect for the motherland:
- Filling the libraries of educational institutions with fiction and historical literature in the field of military patriotism;
- Organization of meetings with the authors of the work;

- To study and cover the life of our ancestors who fought for the freedom of the homeland;
- scientific research and popularization of their works;
- organization of meetings, seminars, trainings, quizzes, roundtables with servicemen and veterans with rich life experience, winners of various competitions and contests in the field of science, culture and sports;
- Courage classes and excursions;
- use of television and radio broadcasts, films and cartoons, works of art and music, military songs, mass media, websites and electronic games and other technical means;
- organization and conduct of mass sports activities among children, adolescents and pre-service youth;
- Systematic work on the creation of cartoons, videos and films, plays, historical works that reflect the courage and military patriotism of our national heroes.

Such events provide a variety of spiritual and educational work, and ultimately contribute to the formation of a healthy socio-spiritual environment in society. In today's educational process, the use of modern technologies is also effective in inculcating military patriotism in young people as a result of combining traditional teaching with foreign methods.

Here are some suggestions on how to use information technology to instill in students a spirit of nationalism, humanity, hard work, justice, and devotion to the Fatherland:

- development of educational and methodological manuals and organization of training seminars to further increase the effectiveness of teachers' use of information and communication technologies (ICT);
- creating the necessary conditions for the full use of ICT in educational institutions;
- to provide students with information in a simple, concise and clear way, using modern ICT, in the interests of the child, in comparison with the conditions in which the student lives;
- critical analysis of sources of information in students, the formation of personal opinions and views on the studied material;
- wide dissemination of national and universal values of our people through information and communication technologies in order to increase students' devotion to the Motherland, kindness and confidence in the future;
- advise parents on how to protect their children from information attacks.

Conclusion

In conclusion, it is a civic duty of all of us to develop the spirit of patriotism, love for the Motherland and confidence in the future in the youth who are the successors of our future. In this process, the interaction of governmental and non-governmental non-profit organizations, families, communities, educational institutions is important. It should be noted that the system of educating young people in the spirit of military patriotism is a continuous process, consisting of a set of interrelated political, legal, socio-economic, ideological, cultural and educational activities.

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